UniGE Tier 3, an update

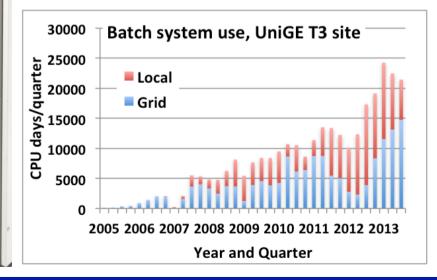
Aug 19th, 2014 Szymon Gadomski DPNC, Université de Genève

- 1. Hardware numbers and usage
- 2. Recent developments
- 3. Near future plans

The Geneva T3, August 2014



- 784 CPU cores (5990 HS06)
 - 656 in batch, 96 login, 32 Windows
- 614 TB net
 - 474 in a grid Storage Element (DPM)140 NFS
- 10 Gb/s direct to CERN IT and to the SWITCH network
- used mainly for ATLAS, but not only
- ATLAS grid jobs using spare CPU
- gradual build up since 2005



Improvements of cooling in the machine room



S. Gadomski, Uni GE, Agust 2014

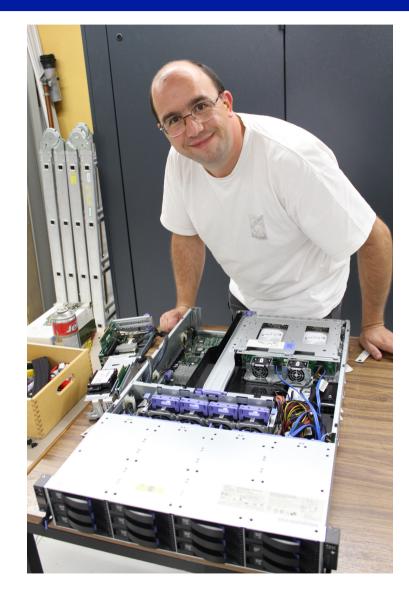
The 2014 upgrade is in progress

- Replacing the oldest storage, including user home and software
 - dedicated hardware for /home and /software
 - separate from large data volumes
- New dedicated hardware to run all the virtualized critical services
 - head node of the SE, NorduGrid front-end, site BDII and the batch server
- Double CPU and memory in our latest computing nodes
 - two machines will have 64 cores and 192 GB RAM

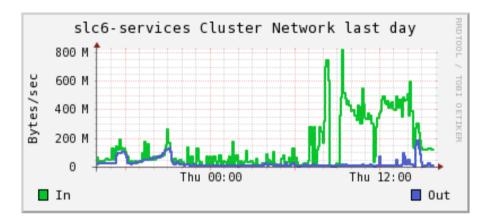
Machine type	Purpose	Units
Sun Server X4-2	user home and software	2
IBM 3630 M4	data storage	1
IBM 3550 M4	virtualized critical services	2
CPU and memory	for IBM 3755	2

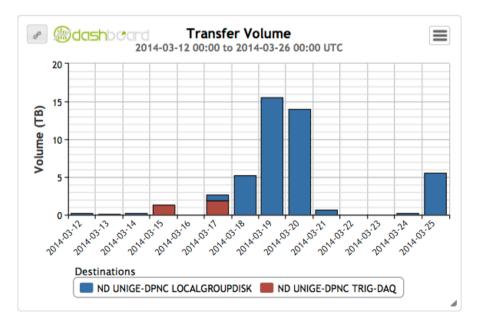
Hardware repairs

- On 12 machines of a certain type (IBM x3630 M3, 2011-12) we had four cases of overheating hardware RAID
- The remaining machines opened and checked in June
 - two were repaired



Data transfers to Geneva, March 2014





- Networks improve everywhere
- The ATLAS DDM software improves as well
- Data transfers to Geneva have reached 500 MB/s this Spring, even from Nordic T1
 - good news, data transfers of 15 TB/day have become possible
- Concern for the Uni network
 experts
 - we now have 10 Gbps to CERN and to the main switch of the Uni
 - the Uni has 10 Gbps to SWITCH and a firewall (~6 Gbps?)
- New protocol (SRM3) allowing protections set up for us by ATLAS DDM experts

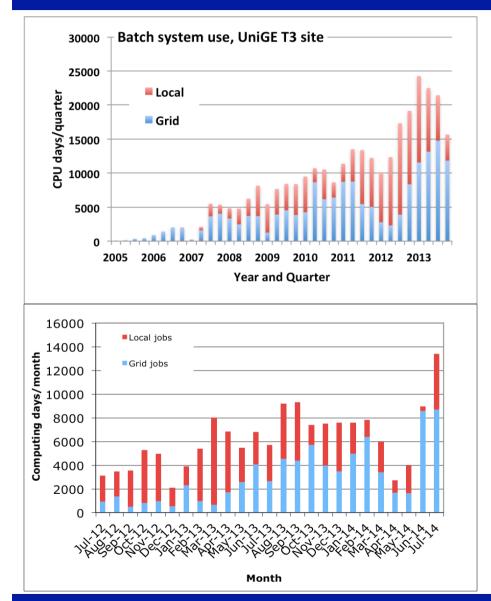
Access to data at other sites (FAX)

- The XrootD protocol allows data access from remote sites
- Our colleagues are working on "Federated ATLAS Data Access using XrootD"
 - automatic redirections can even find data for you
- Our site is already "federated"
- Redirection to CERN
 needed a fix, fixed now

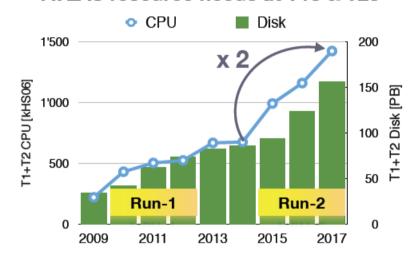
- Performance tests
 - 1.5 to 2.5 MB/s from the US
 - 2.5 to 50 MB/s from CERN
 - redirection can take 15 sec/file, but the result is cached, much faster the 2nd time
- Can be useful, especially if the data are at CERN

https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasComputing/UsingFAXforEndUsers

Recent CPU usage, ATLAS plans

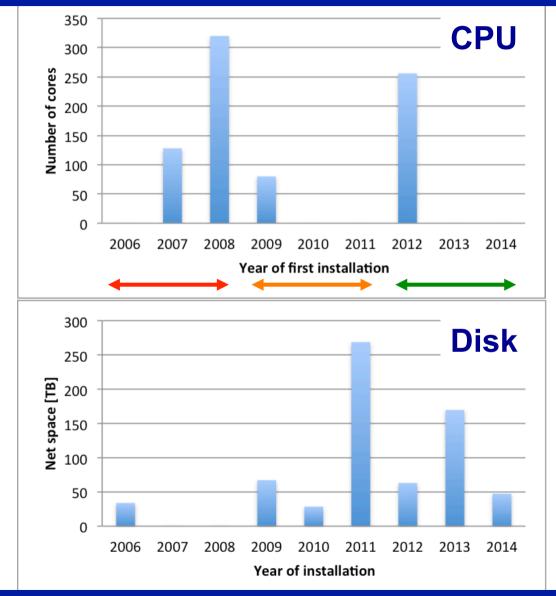


ATLAS resource needs at T1s & T2s



- Plan for next 2 years is due soon
- All numbers helping to quantify our needs are helpful

Age distribution of our CPU and disk



- The disk servers form 2006 are being replaced now
- Old CPU servers, no longer reliable, do very well as batch worker nodes
- Need to be careful about ageing disk servers
- Some renewal of both CPU and storage will be necessary in 2015-2016

Summary and plans

- It is going well. Several little improvements
 - hardware upgrade
 - hardware repairs
 - machine room
 - remote data access
- Next
 - finish the 2014 upgrade
 - plan hardware renewal for 2015-2016

Other recent work

- Migration to SLC6
 - done for all batch machines
 - three login machines still run SLC5, plan to keep as long as necessary
 - make another alias, like the lxplus?
- Upgrade of the Storage Element
 - DPM 1.8.8 (latest)
 - head node and 15 disk servers
 - fix of xrootd crashes

- NorduGrid upgrade
 - new Computing Element in a virtual machine
 - issue with time drift in the VM
- SE Cleanup
 - 88 TB (18%) liberated
 - execution taking time and getting stuck, but finished yesterday

