

PAUL SCHERRER INSTITUT



Nina Loktionova

CMS Tier3 Report

ETH-CMS-user-group Face to Face Meeting, Zürich, 12.12.2019



Outline

- T3 overview
- SL6 -> RH7 migration
- Plans
- AOB

T3 Overview

- Login nodes t3ui01-03 (one node per institute)
- Storage
 - home
 - work
 - dCache
 - scratch
 - EOS
- Batch:
 - Slurm
 - SGE (legacy)
- Infrastructure:
 - Hardware (and Virtual Machines), Network and Management
 - OS provisioning and Configurations
 - User Management
 - Monitoring
 - GRID/CMS services (example: Phedex->Rucio)

available on all UIs and WNs

home

- PSI nfs server
- 10GB/user with snapshots (daily, weekly, monthly)

work

- total: 20TB; 2*10Gb/s network ;
- full quota 400 GB includes snapshots; effective quota ~ 150GB/user;

dCache

- total: 1.2 PB; free: 200TB
- 5 servers *250 TB and 2*10 Gb/s network
- type of data: not only root; protocols: dcap, xrootd,...
- no user quota
- distribution of data:
 - /mc - 58TB; /data - 78TB (written by Phedex)
 - /user - **800TB**
 - /t3groups - 80TB

scratch

- UI for job submission and short tests
 - ~ 5TB/node
 - no automatic cleaning
- WN
 - ~ 200-600GB/node
 - only for time of job (cleaned automatically after all user job ended on WN)
 - could be beneficial to use for job output (and afterwards copy on dCache/work) but depends on job

EOS

- what is the purpose to use this storage at Tier3? Cannot be used as data storage, only feasible “as buffer” for small files to exchange with CERN
- remote storage; slow because of network latency (“dd” to EOS 5 times slower in compare to /work)
- kerberos authentication
- mounted only to UIs (t3ui07 as a test)

Data Types and Workflows

Standard data analysis:

ROOT files (data/mc/user) are analysed using ROOT/pyROOT
understands root/dcap protocols, can work efficiently with dCache

New methods/format of data:

binary python data (numpy arrays) and analysis by user code.

Does software understand grid/HEP protocols?

If not, then a way to use dCache storage:

- copy data from dCache to POSIX storage (work/, scratch/) by dccp, xrdcp...
- run analysis
- copy results to dCache (with certificate)

Question: ratio of “Standard” vs “New” for next years?

Reasons for change:

- End of SL6 support in 2020
- Ixplus/CERN migration to CC7
- Request from users for compatibility with CC7 software
- Test period at T3 May-September with positive feedback
- Demand to support SL6/SGE till the end of November from 2 T3 users
- Slurm - modern powerful, flexible, well documented batch system widely used (among others: CSCS and PSI)

Slurm

- Examples how to use:
<https://wiki.chipp.ch/twiki/bin/view/CmsTier3/SlurmUsage>
- 1200 cores
- MaxJobCount=100000 (number of waiting+running jobs)
- priority depends on AGE and SIZE
- “quick” partition = < 1 hour
- current limit on number of running jobs/user : 400
- GPU policies:
 - 2 GPU machines, each with 8 GPU's
 - opened for all T3 users
 - low usage last weeks
 - what kind of limits to introduce (# allocated GPU's/user)?

SGE

- 150 cores on ~12 years old hardware (SUN blades)
- no support from Jan 2020

Slurm utilisation in December is 67.31%:

```
[root@t3ui07 ~]# sreport cluster AccountUtilizationByUser format=Accounts,Login,Proper,Used Start=2019-12-01 -t percent
```

```
-----
Account  Login  Proper Name  Used
-----
cn-test                67.31%
cn-test acalandr Alessandro Cal+  0.62%
cn-test anlyon Anne-Mazarine +  0.61%
cn-test berger_p2 Pirmin Berger +  0.55%
cn-test erdmann Wolfram Erd+    0.08%
cn-test koschwei Korbinian Schw+  1.27%
cn-test mratti Maria Giulia R+    3.06%
cn-test oozcelik Ozlem Ozcelik +  0.00%
cn-test pbaertsc Pascal Baertsc+  14.18%
cn-test swertz Sebastien Wert+    0.09%
cn-test ursl Urs Langenegge+      16.97%
cn-test vmikuni Vinicius Mikun+    2.77%
cn-test vstampf Vinzenz Stampf+    27.10%
gpu_gres                0.01%
gpu_gres berger_p2 Pirmin Berger +  0.00%
gpu_gres creissel Christina Reis+  0.00%
```



Downtime Plans

1. Jan 10-13 due to PSI shutdown
2. 1-2 days in February for dCache upgrade
3. 1 day in March/April for User Management system migration

Plans for Q1 2020: migration of user management system, local T3 LDAP to central PSI AD

LDAP phase out reasons:

- reach limit of reserved unix UIDs range
- legacy OS (SL5)
- current central PSI solution is good enough to use and facilitate integration with IT services

User side:


- change of user names and password policies
 - names : (vstampf -> ext-stampf_v)
 - password change every 6 months
- account expiry policy: max. 12 months, no automatic prolongation
- password change on a dedicated machine (cpw.psi.ch)
- migration from LDAP is after shutdown of SL6 (SGE)



Directions of T3 development next year(s)

budget is limited and most will be spent to renew/extend current aging hardware

- More CPUs? GPU's?
- More storage like /work (~ 2TB/user) ?
- Larger storage like dCache, but POSIX-like?

An aerial photograph of the Paul Scherrer Institut (PSI) facility. The image shows a large complex of modern buildings, including a prominent circular structure, situated along a river. The surrounding landscape is lush green with rolling hills, fields, and a small town in the distance. The sky is clear and blue. A semi-transparent white box is overlaid on the center of the image, containing the text 'Thank you for your attention'.

Thank you for your attention